

Read the following passage:

postridie Scintilla Quintum vocat; mittit eum ad agrum. Quintus cibum ad Flaccum portat; nam Flaccus diu in agrō laborat et fessus est. puer ad agrum festinat; Argum secum ducit. mox Quintus agrum intrat; Flaccum videt et vocat. Flaccus filium audit et ad eum ambulat; in terrā sedet et cibum consumit.

postridie, the next day; eum, him; diū, for a long time; sēcum, with him

1st declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|-----|
| nom | -a |
| gen | -ae |
| dat | -ae |
| acc | -am |
| abl | -ā |

2nd declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|--------|
| nom | -us/er |
| gen | -ī |
| dat | -ō |
| acc | -um |
| abl | -ō |

Give the case and usage of each underlined word from the passage:

Usage will only be 'subject', 'direct object', or 'prepositional phrase' for now.

- | | | | |
|-----|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. | <u>Quintum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 2. | <u>agrum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 3. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 4. | <u>cibum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 5. | <u>Flaccum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 6. | <u>Flaccus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 7. | <u>agrō</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 8. | <u>puer</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 9. | <u>Argum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 10. | <u>agrum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 11. | <u>Flaccum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 12. | <u>filium</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 13. | <u>terrā</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 14. | <u>cibum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |

Now translate the following passage:

postridie Scintilla Quintum vocat; mittit eum ad agrum. Quintus cibum ad Flaccum portat; nam Flaccus diu in agrō laborat et fessus est. puer ad agrum festinat; Argum secum ducit. mox Quintus agrum intrat; Flaccum videt et vocat. Flaccus filium audit et ad eum ambulat; in terrā sedet et cibum consumit.

postridie, the next day; eum, him; diū, for a long time; sēcum, with him

1st declension singular endings:

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| nom | -a |
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2nd declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|--------|
| nom | -us/er |
| gen | -ī |
| dat | -ō |
| acc | -um |
| abl | -ō |

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct ending:

Quintus in agr__ nōn est, et Scintilla eum voc__ et mittit eum ad agr__. Quintus festinat et cib__ ad agrum portat. Flaccus in agr__ laborat, et ieiunus et fes__ est. Quint__ Flaccum videt et eum voc__. Flaccus fili__ audit. Flacc__ ad filium ambul__.

Fill in the blank space with a whole word with the correct ending:

Flaccus ad _____ ambulat et in _____ sedet. Flaccus fessus est, nam in _____ diū laborat, et nunc _____ consumit. Flaccus laetus est, et _____ laudat. Quintus nōn fessus est, et in _____ manet. _____ Flaccum iuvat.

Read the following passage:

Quintus domum nōn redit sed in agrō manet et Flaccum iuvat. olivam ascendit et olivās decutit. Flaccus olivās colligit. subitō lapsat Quintus et ad terram cadit. Flaccus anxius est et ad eum currit, sed Quintus nōn saucius est; surgit et domum redit.

domum, home; olivam, olive tree; olivās, olives; decutit, shakes down; colligit, collects; lapsat, slips; saucius, hurt; surgit, gets up

1st declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|-----|
| nom | -a |
| gen | -ae |
| dat | -ae |
| acc | -am |
| abl | -ā |

2nd declension singular endings:

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| nom | -us/er |
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Give the case and usage of each underlined word from the passage:

Usage will only be 'subject', 'direct object', or 'prepositional phrase' for now.

- | | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 2. | <u>agrō</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 3. | <u>Flaccum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 4. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 5. | <u>terram</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 6. | <u>anxius</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 7. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 8. | <u>saucius</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |

Now translate the following passage:

Quintus domum nōn redit sed in agrō manet et Flaccum iuvat. olivam ascendit et olivās decutit. Flaccus olivās colligit. subitō lapsat Quintus et ad terram cadit. Flaccus anxius est et ad eum currit, sed Quintus nōn saucius est; surgit et domum redit.

domum, *home*; **olivam**, *olive tree*; **olivās**, *olives*; **decutit**, *shakes down*; **colligit**, *collects*;
lapsat, *slips*; **saucius**, *hurt*; **surgit**, *gets up*

1st declension singular endings:

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|-----|-----|
| nom | -a |
| gen | -ae |
| dat | -ae |
| acc | -am |
| abl | -ā |

2nd declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|--------|
| nom | -us/er |
| gen | -ī |
| dat | -ō |
| acc | -um |
| abl | -ō |

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct ending:

Quintus in agr__ manet et labor__, et Flaccus fili__ laudat, nam Quintus dom__ nōn redit. Quintus olivam ascendit, sed subitō lapsat et ad terr__ cad__. Flacc__ anxius est et ad fili__ currit, sed Quint__ nōn saucius est. Quintus surg__ et domum red__.

Fill in the blank space with a whole word with the correct ending:

Flaccus in _____ laborat, et Quintus eum iuvat. Quintus _____ ascendit et olivās decutit. sed _____ ad terram cadit. Flaccus _____ est, nam Quintus lapsat.

Read the following passage:

Quintus domum redit et Scintillam salutatur; Argum in hortum ducit et Horatiam vocat.
Horatia in hortum festinat; laeta est quod Quintus adest.

domum, home; hortum, garden; quod, because; adest, is present

1st declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|-----|
| nom | -a |
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2nd declension singular endings:

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| nom | -us/er |
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Give the case and usage of each underlined word from the passage:

Usage will only be 'subject', 'direct object', or 'prepositional phrase' for now.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. | <u>domum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 2. | <u>Scintillam</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 3. | <u>Argum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 4. | <u>hortum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 5. | <u>Horatiam</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 6. | <u>hortum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 7. | <u>laeta</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 8. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |

Now translate the following passage:

**Quintus domum redit et Scintillam salutatur; Argum in hortum ducit et Horatiam vocat.
Horatia in hortum festinat; laeta est quod Quintus adest.**

| |
|---|
| domum, home; hortum, garden; quod, because; adest, is present |
|---|

1st declension singular endings:

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2nd declension singular endings:

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|-----|--------|
| nom | -us/er |
| gen | -ī |
| dat | -ō |
| acc | -um |
| abl | -ō |

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct ending:

Quintus dom__ redit et Scintill__ salutatur. Argus ad hort__ currit. Quint__ Horatiam vocat, sed Horatia in hort__ est et eum nōn aud__. Quintus in hort__ ambulat et Horatiam salut__. Horatia laet__ est quod Quint__ adest.

Fill in the blank space with a whole word with the correct ending:

Quintus _____ in hortum ducit. nūn Argus in _____ est. Quintus Horatiam _____, et Horatia in _____ festinat. Horatia _____ salutatur. Horatia _____ est, nam Quintus adest. Quintus laetus est, nam in _____ nōn laborat.

Read the following passage:

Flaccus ab agrō redit; fessus est; in casā sedet et quiescit. mox 'Quintus' inquit 'puer bonus est. in agrō manet et mē iuvat.' Scintilla laeta est, quod Flaccus puerum laudat. cenam celeriter parat; ubi parata est cena, Horatiam et Quintum in casam vocat. Quintus laetus est quod cena parata est; in casam festinat.

ab agrō, *from the field*; **quiescit**, *rests*; **bonus**, *good*; **mē**, *me*; **celeriter**, *quickly*; **ubi**, *when*

1st declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|-----|
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| gen | -ae |
| dat | -ae |
| acc | -am |
| abl | -ā |

2nd declension singular endings:

| | |
|-----|--------|
| nom | -us/er |
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Give the case and usage of each underlined word from the passage:

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- | | | | |
|----|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. | <u>agrō</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 2. | <u>fessus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 3. | <u>casā</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 4. | <u>puerum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 5. | <u>cenam</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 6. | <u>Quintum</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 7. | <u>casam</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 8. | <u>Quintus</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |
| 9. | <u>cena</u> | Case: _____ | Usage: _____ |

Now translate the following passage:

Flaccus ab agrō redit; fessus est; in casā sedet et quiescit. mox ‘Quintus’ inquit ‘puer bonus est. in agrō manet et mē iuvat.’ Scintilla laeta est, quod Flaccus puerum laudat. cenam celeriter parat; ubi parata est cena, Horatiam et Quintum in casam vocat. Quintus laetus est quod cena parata est; in casam festinat.

ab agrō, *from the field*; **quiescit**, *rests*; **bonus**, *good*; **mē**, *me*; **celeriter**, *quickly*; **ubi**, *when*

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| nom | -us/er |
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| dat | -ō |
| acc | -um |
| abl | -ō |

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct ending:

Flaccus in cas__ sedet et quiesc__. Quintus est puer bon__, nam in agr__ manet et Flacc__ iuvat. Scintilla Flacc__ audit et laet__ est, nam Flaccus puer__ laudat.

Fill in the blank space with a whole word with the correct ending:

Scintilla _____ celeriter parat et mox Horatiam et _____ in casam vocat. Quintus _____ est nam cena parata est, et ad _____ festinat. Horatia in _____ manet.

Translate from English to Latin:

Flaccus works in the field for a long time. He is tired, and Scintilla sends Quintus to the field. Quintus carries food and water to Flaccus. Now Flaccus is happy. He sits on the ground and rests. Flaccus praises Quintus and Quintus is happy.

Soon Quintus returns home. He leads Argus into the garden, and Argus runs in the garden and is happy. Scintilla calls Horatia and Quintus, for dinner is ready. Quintus hurries quickly into the house, but Horatia walks, for she is not hungry.

Match each Latin word with an English derivative:

- | | | |
|----|---------------|------------------|
| 1. | manet | Derivative:_____ |
| 2. | sedet | Derivative:_____ |
| 3. | videt | Derivative:_____ |
| 4. | ducit | Derivative:_____ |
| 5. | mittit | Derivative:_____ |
| 6. | audit | Derivative:_____ |
| 7. | terra | Derivative:_____ |
| 8. | ager | Derivative:_____ |

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|--|
| <i>deduction, territorial, transmit, video, remain, agriculture, auditorium, duke, sedentary, omit</i> |
|--|

Choose one of the derivatives you selected and use it in a sentence which clearly demonstrates its meaning:

Derivative:_____

Sentence:_____
